

E 2475

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Reg. No.....

Name.....

B.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

First Semester

B.A. History (Model II)/B.A. Museology and Archaeology

BASICS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

(2013 Admissions onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A (Short Answers)

*Answer all the following questions in one sentence each.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Classical Archaeology.
2. Flavio Biondo.
3. Heinrich Schliemann.
4. Flinders Petrie.
5. Sir William Jones.
6. Sir. John Marshall.
7. R.D. Banerji.
8. R.B. Foote.
9. H.D. Sankalia.
10. Padmanabhan Thampi.

(10 × 1 = 10)

Part B (Short Notes)

*Answer any eight of the following questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. Define the term Archaeology and point out its importance.
12. What is the name given to the different layers of artifacts ?
13. Analyse the theory of stratigraphy propounded by Charles Lyell.
14. What is a surface survey ?
15. What is Adaptation ?
16. What is Ethno-archaeology ?

Turn over

17. Examine the role of the Department of Archaeology in the development archaeology in Kerala ?
18. Sketch the archaeological importance of Mucciris.
19. What is the use of a Magnetometre ?
20. Explain the epigraphical relevance of the Vazhapalli inscription.
21. What is bimetalism ?
22. Trace the Roman impact on Indian coinage.

(8 × 2 = 16)

Part C (Short Essays)

*Answer any six of the following questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

23. Analyse the importance of Antiquarianism.
24. Assess the importance of Radio Carbon Dating.
25. Bringout the significance of Geo-morphology.
26. Estimate the role of Archaeological survey of India to unearth the relics from Arikamadu.
27. What are the salient features of the Adichanallur findings ?
28. What is Regional Archaeology ?
29. What is new Archaeology.
30. Trace the relation between Epigraphy and Archaeology.
31. How did the Mauryan coins differ from the Gupta coins ?

(6 × 4 = 24)

Part D (Essays)

*Answer any two of the following questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

32. Archaeology is an empirical discipline concerned with the recovery, systematic description and study of old artifacts. Discuss.
33. Review the recent developments in archaeology with particular reference to Kerala.
34. Assess the scope and importance of Historical Archaeology.
35. Sketch the contributions of South India to the study of Numismatics.

(2 × 15 = 30)